In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-46 (Canceled).

47. (Original) A process for preparing branched alkyl aromatic hydrocarbons comprising: hydrocracking and hydroisomerizing a paraffinic wax to produce an isoparaffinic composition comprising 0.5% or less quaternary carbon atoms, said isoparaffinic composition comprising paraffins having a carbon number of from about 7 to about 18, at least a portion of said paraffins being branched paraffins comprising an average number of branches per paraffin molecule of at least 0.5, said branches comprising a first number of methyl branches and optionally a second number of ethyl branches;

exposing said isoparaffinic composition to a dehydrogenation catalyst in an amount and under dehydrogenation conditions effective to dehydrogenate said branched paraffins and to produce a mixture comprising branched olefins comprising 0.5% or less quaternary carbon atoms and non-converted paraffins;

contacting said branched olefins with an aromatic hydrocarbon in the presence of a quantity of an alkylation catalyst under alkylation conditions effective to alkylate said aromatic hydrocarbon, producing said branched alkyl aromatic hydrocarbons.

- 48. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said aromatic hydrocarbon is selected from the group consisting of one or more of benzenes, toluenes, xylenes, and naphthalenes.
- 49. (Original) A process as claimed in claim 47 wherein said aromatic hydrocarbon is benzene.
- 50. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation conditions are effective to predominately monoalkylate said aromatic hydrocarbon.
- 51. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation conditions comprise a molar ratio of said branched olefins to said aromatic hydrocarbons of at least about 0.5.
- 52. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation conditions comprise a molar ratio of said branched olefins to said aromatic hydrocarbons of at least about 1.

- 53. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation conditions comprise a molar ratio of said branched olefins to said aromatic hydrocarbons of at least about 1.5.
- 54. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said conditions comprise a liquid diluent selected from the group consisting of an excess of said aromatic hydrocarbon and paraffin mixtures having a boiling range substantially the same as said non-converted paraffins.
- 55. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation catalyst is selected from the group consisting of zeolites comprising pores having pore size dimensions of from about 4 to about 9 Å.
- 56. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said alkylation catalyst comprises one or more zeolites in acidic form selected from the group consisting of zeolite Y, ZSM-5, ZSM-11, and zeolites having an NES zeolite structure type.
- 57. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said alkylation catalyst comprises one or more zeolites in acidic form selected from the group consisting of mordenite, ZSM-4, ZSM-12, ZSM-20, offretite, gemelinite and cancrinite.
- 58. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said alkylation catalyst comprises one or more zeolites having an isotypic framework structure selected from the group consisting of NU-87 and gottardiite.
- 59. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said zeolites have a framework molar ratio of Si to Al of from about 5:1 to about 100:1.
- 60. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said zeolite has said NES zeolite structure type and comprises a framework molar ratio of Si to Al of from about 5:1 to about 25:1.
- 61. (Original) The process of claim 60 wherein said framework molar ratio is from about 10:1 to about 20:1.
- 62. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said zeolites comprise cationic sites, at least a portion of said cationic sites being occupied by replacing ions selected from the group other than alkali metal ions and alkaline earth metal ions.
- 63. (Original) The process of claim 62 wherein said replacing ions are selected from the group consisting of ammonium, hydrogen, rare earth metals, and combinations thereof.
- 64. (Original) The process of claim 62 wherein at least 50% of cationic sites on said zeolites are in hydrogen form.

- 65. (Original) The process of claim 62 wherein at least 90% of cationic sites on said zeolites are in hydrogen form.
- 66. (Original) The process of claim 55 wherein said alkylation catalyst comprises pellets comprising at least 50 %w, of said zeolite.
- 67. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said quantity of said alkylation catalyst is from about 1 to about 50%w relative to the weight of said branched olefins in said mixture.
- 68. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said alkylation conditions comprise a reaction temperature of from about 30°C to about 300 °C.
- 69. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said isoparaffinic composition comprises at least about 50 %w of said branched paraffins.
- 70. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said first number of methyl branches is at least about 50% of said branches.
- 71. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein at least 75 %w of said branched paraffins represent a range of molecules of which the heaviest molecules comprise at most 6 carbon atoms more than the lightest molecules.
- 72. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said isoparaffinic composition comprises paraffins having a carbon number in the range of from 7 to 35.
- 73. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein at least 75%w of said isoparaffinic composition consists of paraffins having a carbon number in the range of from 10 to 18.
- 74. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein at least 75%w of said isoparaffinic composition consists of paraffins having a carbon number in the range of from 11 to 14.
- 75. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said average number of branches is at least 0.7.
- 76. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said average number of branches is at most 2.0.
- 77. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said average number of branches is at most 1.8.
- 78. (Original) The process of claim 47 wherein said first number of methyl branches is at least 50% of said branches.

- 79. (Original) A process for preparing branched alkyl aromatic hydrocarbons comprising:
 - hydrocracking and hydroisomerizing a paraffinic wax to produce an isoparaffinic composition comprising 0.5% or less quaternary aliphatic carbon atoms, said isoparaffinic composition comprising paraffins having a carbon number of from about 7 to about 18, at least a portion of said paraffins being branched paraffins comprising an average number of branches per paraffin molecule of at least 0.5, said branches comprising a first number of methyl branches and optionally a second number of ethyl branches;
 - exposing said isoparaffinic composition to a dehydrogenation catalyst in an amount and under dehydrogenation conditions effective to dehydrogenate said branched paraffins and to produce a mixture comprising unconverted paraffins and branched olefins comprising 0.5% or less quaternary aliphatic carbon atoms; and contacting said branched olefins with an aromatic hydrocarbon in the presence of a quantity of an alkylation catalyst under alkylation conditions effective to alkylate said aromatic hydrocarbon, producing said branched alkyl aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 80. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein 0.3% or less of carbon atoms present in said isoparaffinic composition comprise quaternary aliphatic carbon atoms.
- 81. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein at least 50 %w of said isoparaffinic composition is said branched paraffins.
- 82. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein at most 10 %w of said isoparaffinic composition is said linear paraffins.
- 83. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein at most 5 %w of said isoparaffinic composition is said linear paraffins.
- 84. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein at most 1 %w of said isoparaffinic composition is said linear paraffins.
- 85. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said isoparaffinic composition is produced by a Fischer Tropsch process.
- 86. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said isoparaffinic composition is treated with an absorbent under absorbent conditions effective to perform a function selected

from the group consisting of lowering linear paraffin content, favorably adjusting said average number of branches, and a combination thereof.

- 87. (Original) The process of claim 86 wherein said absorbent is a zeolite.
- 88. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said dehydrogenation catalyst comprises a quantity of metal or metal compound selected from the group consisting of chrome oxide, iron oxide and, noble metals.
- 89. (Original) The process of claim 88 wherein said dehydrogenation catalyst comprises a quantity of noble metal selected from the group consisting of platinum, palladium, iridium, ruthenium, osmium and rhodium.
- 90. (Original) The process of claim 88 wherein said dehydrogenation catalyst comprises a quantity of noble metal selected from the group consisting of palladium and platinum.
- 91. (Original) The process of claim 88 wherein said dehydrogenation catalyst comprises a quantity of platinum.
- 92. (Original) The process of claim 88 wherein said catalyst further comprises a porous support selected from the group consisting of gamma alumina or eta alumina.
- 93. (Original) The process of claim 88 where said quantity of metal is from about 0.01 to about 5%w based on the weight of said dehydrogenation catalyst.
- 94. (Original) The process of claim 89 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst further comprises from about 0.01 to about 5%w of one or more metals selected from the group consisting of Group 3a, Group 4a and Group 5a of the Periodic Table of Elements.
- 95. (Original) The process of claim 89 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst further comprises from about 0.01 to about 5%w of one or more metals selected from the group consisting of alkali earth metals and alkaline earth metals.
- 96. (Original) The process of claim 89 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst further comprises from about 0.01 to about 5%w of one or more metals selected from the group consisting of indium, tin, bismuth, potassium, and lithium.
- 97. (Original) The process of claim 89 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst further comprises from about 0.01 to about 5%w of one or more halogens.

- 98. (Original) The process of claim 89 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst comprises from about 0.01 to about 5%w independently of tin and chlorine.
- 99. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said dehyrogenation catalyst is selected from the group consisting of chrome oxide on gamma alumina, platinum on gamma alumina, palladium on gamma alumina, platinum/lithium on gamma alumina, platinum/potassium on gamma alumina, platinum/tin on gamma alumina, platinum/tin on hydrotalcite, platinum/indium on gamma alumina and platinum/bismuth on gamma alumina.
- 100. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said dehydrogenation conditions comprise a temperature of from about 300°C to about 700 °C. and a pressure of from about 1.1 to 15 bar absolute.
- 101. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein hydrogen is fed to said dehydrogenation catalyst with said isoparaffinic composition.
- 102. (Original) The process of claim 101 wherein said hydrogen and said paraffins are fed at a molar ratio of from about 0.1 to about 20.
- 103. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said dehydrogenation conditions comprise a residence time effective to maintain a conversion level of said isoparaffinic composition of about 50 mole% or less.
- 104. (Original) The process of claim 79 further comprising separating non-converted paraffins from said product and recycling said non-converted paraffins to said dehydrogenation catalyst.
- 105. (Original) The process of claim 79 wherein said product comprises from about 50% mole or less olefins relative to the total number of moles of olefins and paraffins in said product.

Claims 106-152 (Canceled).

153. (Original) A branched alkyl aromatic hydrocarbon composition made by the process of claim 47.

Claim 154 (Canceled).